

7a Appendix - Low-Level Concerns Policy

To be read in conjunction with the Safeguarding Policy

1. Introduction

At St Augustine's Priory, we take safeguarding very seriously. This includes ensuring that all adults who work with children do so in a way that is in accordance with the ethos and policies set out by the school, including the Staff Code of Conduct. We set out to create and embed a culture of honesty and transparency in which the school's values and expected behaviour which is set out in the Staff Code of Conduct are constantly lived, monitored and reinforced by all staff. Being able to report low level concerns, or indeed to self-report if a mistake has been made is an important part of that culture. Adults must model safe relationships and must adhere to the school's safer working practices. These make sure that everyone in our community is safe.

This policy builds on learning from best practice across the world and sets out the detail and processes for staff regarding low-level concerns they may have. We are a community where we constantly reinforce the importance of being a telling school, our school motto is Veritas, our culture embeds feedback from a variety of sources like the Wellbeing Committee to show that we are an open and listening school. SLT have an open-door policy.

2. Summary

It may be possible that a member of staff acts in a way that does not cause risk to children, but which nevertheless is concerning. A member of staff who has a concern about another member of staff should inform the Head about their concern using a Low-Level Record of Concern Form. If the Head Teacher cannot be contacted, the Chair of Governors should be contacted instead. Members of staff have the right to remain anonymous as far as reasonably possible.

Keeping Children Safe in Education September 2024

The following is taken from Keeping Children Safe in Education September 2024

- 433. The term 'low-level' concern does not mean that it is insignificant. A low-level concern is any concern no matter how small, and even if no more than causing a sense of unease or a 'nagging doubt' that an adult working in or on behalf of the school or college may have acted in a way that:
 - is inconsistent with the staff code of conduct, including inappropriate conduct outside of work, and
 - does not meet the harm threshold or is otherwise not serious enough to consider a referral to the LADO.

Examples of such behaviour could include, but are not limited to:

- being over friendly with children
- having favourites
- taking photographs of children on their mobile phone, contrary to school policy
- engaging with a child on a one-to-one basis in a secluded area or behind a closed door,
 or



- · humiliating children.
- 434. Such behaviour can exist on a wide spectrum, from the inadvertent or thoughtless, or behaviour that may look to be inappropriate, but might not be in specific circumstances, through to that which is ultimately intended to enable abuse.
- 435. Low-level concerns may arise in several ways and from a number of sources. For example: suspicion; complaint; or disclosure made by a child, parent or other adult within or outside of the organisation; or as a result of vetting checks undertaken.
- 436. It is crucial that all low-level concerns are shared responsibly with the right person and recorded and dealt with appropriately. Ensuring they are dealt with effectively should also protect those working in or on behalf of schools and colleges from becoming the subject of potential false low-level concerns or misunderstandings.

Staff code of conduct and safeguarding policies

- 437. As good practice governing bodies and proprietors should set out their low-level concerns policy within their staff code of conduct and safeguarding and child protection policies as set out in Part two of this guidance. They should make it clear what a low-level concern is and the importance of sharing low-level concerns, and an explanation of what the purpose of the policy is i.e., to create and embed a culture of openness, trust and transparency in which the school or college's values and expected behaviour set out in the staff code of conduct are lived, monitored and reinforced constantly by all staff.
- 438. As set out in Part two of this guidance, the governing body or proprietor should ensure their staff code of conduct, behaviour policies and safeguarding policies and procedures are implemented effectively and ensure that appropriate action is taken in a timely manner to safeguard children and facilitate a whole school or college approach to dealing with any concerns.
- 439. Schools and colleges can achieve the purpose of their low-level concerns policy by:
 - ensuring their staff are clear about what appropriate behaviour is, and are confident in distinguishing expected and appropriate behaviour from inappropriate, problematic or concerning behaviour, in themselves and others
 - empowering staff to share any low-level safeguarding concerns (see below)
 - addressing unprofessional behaviour and supporting the individual to correct it at an early stage
 - handling and responding to such concerns sensitively and proportionately when they are raised, and
 - helping identify any weakness in the school or colleges safeguarding system.



Sharing low-level concerns

- 440. Schools and colleges should ensure that their low-level concerns policy contains a procedure for sharing confidentially such concerns which is clear, easy to understand and implement. Whether all low-level concerns are shared initially with the DSL (or a nominated person (such as a values champion)), or with the headteacher/principal is a matter for the school or college to decide. If the former, then the DSL should inform the headteacher/principal of all the low-level concerns and in a timely fashion according to the nature of each particular low-level concern. The headteacher/principal should be the ultimate decision maker in respect of all low-level concerns, although it is recognised that depending on the nature of some low-level concerns and/or the role of the DSL in some schools/colleges, the headteacher/principal may wish to consult with the DSL and take a more collaborative decision making approach.
- 441. Low-level concerns which are shared about supply staff and contractors should be notified to their employers, so that any potential patterns of inappropriate behaviour can be identified.
- 442. If schools and colleges are in any doubt as to whether the information which has been shared about a member of staff as a low-level concern in fact meets the harm threshold, they should consult with their LADO.
- 443. Schools and colleges should ensure they create an environment where staff are encouraged and feel confident to self-refer, where, for example, they have found themselves in a situation which could be misinterpreted, might appear compromising to others, and/or on reflection they believe they have behaved in such a way that they consider falls below the expected professional standards.

Recording low-level concerns

- 444. All low-level concerns should be recorded in writing. The record should include details of the concern, the context in which the concern arose, and action taken. The name of the individual sharing their concerns should also be noted, if the individual wishes to remain anonymous then that should be respected as far as reasonably possible.
- 445. Schools and colleges can decide where these records are kept, but they must be kept confidential, held securely and comply with the Data Protection Act 2018 and the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR).
- 446. Records should be reviewed so that potential patterns of inappropriate, problematic or concerning behaviour can be identified. Where a pattern of such behaviour is identified, the school or college should decide on a course of action, either through its disciplinary procedures or where a pattern of behaviour moves from a low-level concern to meeting the harm threshold, in which case it should be referred to the LADO (as per Part four, Section one). Consideration should also be given to whether there are wider cultural issues within the school or college that enabled the behaviour to occur and where appropriate policies could be revised, or extra training delivered to minimise the risk of it happening again.



447. It is for schools and colleges to decide how long they retain such information, but it is recommended that it is retained at least until the individual leaves their employment.

References

448. Part three of this guidance is clear that schools and colleges should only provide substantiated safeguarding concerns/allegations (including a group of low-level concerns about the same individual) that meet the harm threshold in references. Low-level concerns should not be included in references unless they relate to issues which would normally be included in a reference, for example, misconduct or poor performance. It follows that a low-level concern which relates exclusively to safeguarding (and not to misconduct or poor performance) should not be referred to in a reference.

Responding to low-level concerns

- 449. The school or college low-level concerns policy should set out the procedure for responding to reports of low-level concerns. If the concern has been raised via a third party, the headteacher/principal (or a nominated deputy) should collect as much evidence as possible by speaking:
 - directly to the person who raised the concern, unless it has been raised anonymously,
 and
 - to the individual involved and any witnesses.
- 450. The information collected will help them to categorise the type of behaviour and determine what further action may need to be taken. This information needs to be recorded in writing along with the rationale for their decisions and action taken.
- 451. A good low-level concerns policy will simply be a reflection and extension of the school or college's wider staff behaviour policy/code of conduct.



4. Clarity around Allegation vs Low-Level Concern vs Appropriate Conduct

Allegation

Behaviour which indicates that an adult who works with children has:

- · behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child;
- possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child;
- · behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates they may pose a risk of harm to children.

Low-Level Concern

Any concern – no matter how small, even if no more than a 'nagging doubt' – that an adult may have acted in a manner which:

- is not consistent with an organisation's Code of Conduct, and/or
- relates to their conduct outside of work which, even if not linked to a particular act or omission, has caused a sense of unease about that adult's suitability to work with children.

Appropriate Conduct

Behaviour which is entirely consistent with the organisation's Code of Conduct, and the law.

5. Storing and use of Low-Level Concerns and follow-up information

LLC forms and follow-up information will be stored securely within the school's safeguarding systems, with access only by the Headteacher. This will be done in accordance with the Data Protection Act 2018 and UK GDPR.

The staff member(s) reporting the concern must keep the information confidential and not share the concern with others apart from the Head Teacher or those aware in the senior leadership team.

Reports about supply staff and contractors will be notified by the Headteacher to their employers so any potential patterns of inappropriate behaviour can be identified.

Low-Level Concerns will not be referred to in references unless they have been formalised into more significant concerns resulting in disciplinary or misconduct procedures.

Whenever staff leave St Augustine's Priory, any record of low-level concerns which are stored about them will be reviewed as to whether or not that information needs to be kept. Consideration will be given to:

- a) whether some or all of the information contained within any record may have any reasonably likely value in terms of any potential historic employment or abuse claim so as to justify keeping it, in line with normal safeguarding records practice; or
- b) if, on balance, any record is not considered to have any reasonably likely value, still less actionable concern, and ought to be deleted accordingly.

6. Process to follow when a Low-Level Concern is raised

Do not discuss with another colleague. Complete the LLC form and return it to the Headteacher. You may



also want to discuss the concern in the first instance with the Headteacher. The Headteacher will collect as much evidence as possible by speaking where possible with the person who raised the concern, to the individual involved and any witnesses.

7. Key Reference Document

Read this document for further information about Low-Level Concerns, which is referenced in KCSIE 2024. It provides excellent case studies and the learning from Serious Case Reviews about opportunities for reporting low level concerns which were missed and which led to abuse occurring.

https://www.farrer.co.uk/globalassets/clients-and-sectors/safeguarding/developing-and-implementing-a-low-level-concerns-policy.pdf

8. Low Level Concern Form

This form will be available to staff via:

Staff Resources
Safeguarding policy
Appendix 1

9. Monitoring and Review

The school will monitor records so that any potential patterns of concerning, problematic or inappropriate behaviour can be identified. Where a pattern of such behaviour is identified, the school will decide on a course of action, either through its disciplinary procedures or where a pattern of behaviour moves from a concern to meeting the harms thresholds, in which case it will be referred to the LADO. Consideration should also be given to whether there are wider cultural issues within the school or college that enabled the behaviour to occur and where appropriate policies could be revised or extra training delivered to minimize the risk of it happening again.

The Headteacher has a very strong relationship with the LADO and will consult the LADO in most cases if there is any doubt as to whether a concern meets the harm threshold. This also ensures that the school balances its duty of care to the child as well as to the member of staff.

The Headteacher will report on low level concerns (anonymised) to the Safeguarding Committee.

Policy reviewed October 2024



Appendix 1 - Low-Level Concern Form

Please return this form to the Headteacher. If the concern is about the Headteacher please return to the Chair of Governors.

Please use this form to share any concern – no matter how small, and even if no more than causing a sense of unease or a 'nagging doubt' – that an adult may have acted in a way that:

- is inconsistent with St Augustine's Priory's staff code of conduct, including inappropriate conduct outside of work, and
- does not meet the allegation threshold or is otherwise not serious enough to consider a referral to the LADO.

You should provide a concise record – including brief context in which the low-level concern arose, and details which are chronological, and as precise and accurate as possible – of any such concern and relevant incident(s) (and please use a separate sheet if necessary).

The record should be signed, timed and dated.

Details of concern

Name of staff member:		Department & Role:
Signed:	Time & Date:	
Received by	At: (Time)	On: (Date)



Action Taken: (Specify)	
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Rationale for decisions and action taken:	
Signed:	Time & Date:

This record will be held securely in accordance with St Augustine's Priory's Low-Level concerns policy. Please note that low-level concerns will be treated in confidence as far as possible, but St Augustine's may in certain circumstances be subject to legal reporting requirements or other legal obligations to share information with appropriate persons, including legal claims and formal investigations.